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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

<u>Listing of Claims:</u>

Claim 1 (currently amended): A transmitter comprising:

an amplitude calculating means for calculating unit which calculates an

amplitude of an input modulating signal;

a distortion compensation data storage means for storing unit which

stores distortion data on a normal characteristic or a reverse characteristic to

carry out a distortion compensation for the input modulating signal;

a distortion compensating means for reading unit which reads the

distortion data on the normal characteristic or the reverse characteristic from the

distortion compensation data storage-means unit based on an output of the

amplitude calculating-means unit and multiplying multiplies or dividing divides the

input modulating signal and the distortion data to carry out the distortion

compensation;

a quadrature modulating means for carrying unit which carries out a

quadrature modulation in response to an output of the distortion compensating

means_unit;

a variable gain amplifying means for amplifying unit which amplifies an

output of the quadrature modulating means unit to control a gain based on a

gain control signal;

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a power amplifying means serving unit which serves to carry out a power

amplification for an output of the variable gain amplifying means unit and having

has a linear mode for carrying out the power amplification by using a linear

operating region in an input/output power characteristic and a saturation mode

for carrying out the power amplification by using a saturation operating region in

the input/output power characteristic; and

an amplitude modulating means for inputting unit which inputs an

amplitude component of the output of the distortion compensating means unit to

an output controlling input terminal of the power amplifying means unit, thereby

earrying carries out a polar coordinate modulation,

wherein the input modulating signal and the distortion data on the normal

characteristic are multiplied or the input modulating signal and the distortion data

on the reverse characteristic are divided in the distortion compensating means

unit in the case in which the power amplifying-means unit is operated in the

saturation mode to carry out the polar coordinate modulation, and the input

modulating signal and the distortion data on the normal characteristic are divided

or the input modulating signal and the distortion data on the reverse

characteristic are multiplied in the distortion compensating-means unit in the

case in which the power amplifying means unit is operated in the linear mode to

carry out a linear amplification.

Claims 2-6 (canceled)

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Claim 7 (currently amended): The transmitter according to any of claims

4 to 6 claim 1, wherein the power amplifying means unit carries out the polar

coordinate modulation when a transmitting output power is on a maximum output

level or in the vicinity thereof, and carries out the linear amplification when the

transmitting output power is lower than the transmitting power.

Claim 8 (currently amended): The transmitter according to any of claims

1-to-7 claim 1,

wherein the power amplifying means unit comprises a power terminal to

be used as the output controlling input terminal; and

wherein the transmitter further comprises a power driver which serves to

increase a current capacity of the signal on the predetermined level or a signal

subjected to an amplitude modulation based on the amplitude component of the

input modulating signal and to supply a power as a transmitting output control

signal to the power terminal.

Claim 9 (canceled)

Claim 10 (new): A transmitter comprising:

an amplitude calculating unit which calculates an amplitude of an input

modulating signal;

a normal and reverse distortion compensation data storage unit which

stores distortion data on a normal characteristic and a reverse characteristic to

carry out a distortion compensation for the input modulating signal;

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a distortion compensating unit which reads the distortion data on the

normal characteristic or the reverse characteristic from the normal and reverse

distortion compensation data storage unit based on an output of the amplitude

calculating unit and multiplies the input modulating signal and the distortion data

to carry out the distortion compensation;

a quadrature modulating unit which carries out a quadrature modulation in

response to an output of the distortion compensating unit;

a variable gain amplifying unit which amplifies an output of the quadrature

modulating unit to control a gain based on a gain control signal;

a power amplifying unit which serves to carry out a power amplification for

an output of the variable gain amplifying unit and has a linear mode for carrying

out the power amplification by using a linear operating region in an input/output

power characteristic and a saturation mode for carrying out the power

amplification by using a saturation operating region in the input/output power

characteristic; and

an amplitude modulating unit which inputs an amplitude component of the

output of the distortion compensating unit to an output controlling input terminal

of the power amplifying unit, thereby carries out a polar coordinate modulation,

wherein the input modulating signal and the distortion data on the normal

characteristic are multiplied in the distortion compensating unit in the case in

which the power amplifying unit is operated in the saturation mode to carry out

the polar coordinate modulation, and the input modulating signal and the

distortion data on the reverse characteristic are multiplied in the distortion

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compensating unit in the case in which the power amplifying unit is operated in

the linear mode to carry out a linear amplification.

Claim 11 (new): The transmitter according to claim 10, wherein the power

amplifying unit carries out the polar coordinate modulation when a transmitting

output power is on a maximum output level or in the vicinity thereof, and carries

out the linear amplification when the transmitting output power is lower than the

transmitting power.

Claim 12 (new): The transmitter according to claim 10,

wherein the power amplifying unit comprises a power terminal to be used

as the output controlling input terminal; and

wherein the transmitter further comprises a power driver which serves to

increase a current capacity of the signal on the predetermined level or a signal

subjected to an amplitude modulation based on the amplitude component of the

input modulating signal and to supply a power as a transmitting output control

signal to the power terminal.

Claim 13 (new): A transmitter comprising:

a quadrature modulating unit which inputs an in-phase component and a

quadrature component of an input modulating signal, thereby carries out a

quadrature modulation;

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a variable gain amplifying unit which amplifies an output of the quadrature

modulating unit to control a gain based on a gain control signal;

a power amplifying unit which serves to carry out a power amplification for

an output of the variable gain amplifying unit and has a linear mode for carrying

out the power amplification by using a linear operating region in an input/output

power characteristic and a saturation mode for carrying out the power

amplification by using a saturation operating region in the input/output power

characteristic;

an amplitude calculating unit which calculates an amplitude of the input

modulating signal;

an amplitude modulating unit which inputs an amplitude component of the

input modulating signal to an output controlling input terminal of the power

amplifying unit, thereby carries out a polar coordinate modulation;

an amplitude distortion data storage unit which stores distortion data for

the amplitude of the input modulating signal; and

a distortion adding unit which reads the distortion data from the amplitude

distortion data storage unit based on an output of the amplitude calculating unit

and multiplies the amplitude of the input modulating signal and the distortion

data in the case in which the power amplifying unit is operated in the saturation

mode to carry out the polar coordinate modulation.

Claim 14 (new): The transmitter according to claim 13, wherein the power

amplifying unit carries out the polar coordinate modulation when a transmitting

output power is on a maximum output level or in the vicinity thereof, and carries

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transmitting power.

Claim 15 (new): The transmitter according to claim 13,

wherein the power amplifying unit comprises a power terminal to be used

as the output controlling input terminal; and

wherein the transmitter further comprises a power driver which serves to

increase a current capacity of the signal on the predetermined level or a signal

subjected to an amplitude modulation based on the amplitude component of the

input modulating signal and to supply a power as a transmitting output control

signal to the power terminal.

Claim 16 (new): A transmitter comprising:

a quadrature modulating unit which inputs an in-phase component and a

quadrature component of an input modulating signal, thereby carries out a

quadrature modulation:

a first variable gain amplifying unit which a distortion control which serves

to amplify an output of the quadrature modulating unit, thereby controls a gain

based on a distortion control signal;

a second variable gain amplifying unit for a gain control which serves to

amplify an output of the first variable gain amplifying unit, thereby controls a gain

based on a gain control signal;

a power amplifying unit which serves to carry out a power amplification for

an output of the second variable gain amplifying unit and has a linear mode for

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carrying out the power amplification by using a linear operating region in an

input/output power characteristic and a saturation mode for carrying out the

power amplification by using a saturation operating region in the input/output

power characteristic;

an amplitude detecting unit which detects an amplitude of the output of

the first variable gain amplifying unit; and

an amplitude modulating unit which inputs an output of the amplitude

detecting unit to an output controlling input terminal of the power amplifying unit.

thereby carries out a polar coordinate modulation.

Claim 17 (new): The transmitter according to claim 16, wherein the power

amplifying unit carries out the polar coordinate modulation when a transmitting

output power is on a maximum output level or in the vicinity thereof, and carries

out the linear amplification when the transmitting output power is lower than the

transmitting power.

Claim 18 (new): The transmitter according to claim 16,

wherein the power amplifying unit comprises a power terminal to be used

as the output controlling input terminal; and

wherein the transmitter further comprises a power driver which serves to

increase a current capacity of the signal on the predetermined level or a signal

subjected to an amplitude modulation based on the amplitude component of the

input modulating signal and to supply a power as a transmitting output control

signal to the power terminal.

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Claim 19 (new): A transmitter comprising:

a polar coordinate transforming portion for transforming an input modulating signal constituted by an in-phase component and a quadrature component into an amplitude signal and a phase signal;

a distortion data storage unit which stores distortion data to add a distortion to the amplitude signal and the phase signal;

a distortion adding unit which reads the distortion data from the distortion data storage unit based on the amplitude signal and adds a distortion to the amplitude signal and the phase signal;

a distortion compensation data storage unit which stores two types of distortion data to carry out a distortion compensation for amplitude signal and phase signal outputs of the distortion adding unit;

a distortion compensating unit which selects and reads any of the distortion data from the distortion compensation data storage unit based on the amplitude signal output of the distortion adding unit and carries out a distortion compensation for the amplitude signal and phase signal outputs of the distortion adding unit;

a rectangular coordinate transforming unit which transforms any of an amplitude signal output of the distortion compensating unit, a fixed value output and the amplitude signal output of the distortion adding unit and a phase signal output of the distortion compensating unit into an in-phase component and a quadrature component:

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a quadrature modulating unit which carries out a quadrature modulation in

response to an output of the rectangular coordinate transforming unit;

a variable gain amplifying unit which amplifies an output of the quadrature

modulating unit to control a gain based on a gain control signal;

a power amplifying unit which serves to carry out a power amplification for

an output of the variable gain amplifying unit and has a linear mode for carrying

out the power amplification by using a linear operating region in an input/output

power characteristic and a saturation mode for carrying out the power

amplification by using a saturation operating region in the input/output power

characteristic; and

an amplitude modulating unit which inputs an amplitude component of the

output of the distortion compensating unit to an output controlling input terminal

of the power amplifying unit, thereby carries out a polar coordinate modulation,

wherein an amplitude signal input to the rectangular coordinate

transforming unit is set to be the fixed value or the amplitude output in the

distortion adding unit in the case in which the power amplifying unit is operated

in the saturation mode to carry out the polar coordinate modulation, and is set to

be the amplitude output in the distortion compensating unit in the case in which

the power amplifying unit is operated in the linear mode to carry out a linear

amplification.

Claim 20 (new): The transmitter according to claim 19, wherein when the

power amplifying unit is to be operated in the saturation mode to carry out the

polar coordinate modulation, the amplitude signal input to the rectangular

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coordinate transforming unit is set to be a fixed value if an operating mode is a

cellular system communication and is set to be an amplitude output in the

distortion adding unit in case of a WLAN system communication.

Claim 21 (new): The transmitter according to claim 19, wherein the power

amplifying unit carries out the polar coordinate modulation when a transmitting

output power is on a maximum output level or in the vicinity thereof, and carries

out the linear amplification when the transmitting output power is lower than the

transmitting power.

Claim 22 (new): The transmitter according to claim 19,

wherein the power amplifying unit comprises a power terminal to be used

as the output controlling input terminal; and

wherein the transmitter further comprises a power driver which serves to

increase a current capacity of the signal on the predetermined level or a signal

subjected to an amplitude modulation based on the amplitude component of the

input modulating signal and to supply a power as a transmitting output control

signal to the power terminal.

Claim 23 (new): A radio communicating device comprising the transmitter

according to claim 19.

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